## Phytochemical and ethno-pharmacological properties of *Desmodium* triflorum: A Review

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## **Abstract**

Desmodium triflorum is a well-known Sri Lankan medicinal plant which is in folkloric use. Recent pharmacological studies have established its antioxidant, anti-inflammatory, anti-convulsant and analgesic activities. The plant is rich in alkaloids. The review depicts out on the folkloric uses along with pharmacological and biological activities of the extracts of *D. triflorum*. Habitat and distribution of the plant and the nature of compounds isolated are also reviewed.

**Keywords:** *Desmodium triflorum*, folkloric use, diabetes, medicinal plant, alkaloids, anti-inflammatory

## Introduction

Herbal medicines are still the mainstay of treating diseases of more than half of the world population mainly in the developing countries. <sup>1</sup>D. triflorum, which is commonly known as "three-flowered beggar weed" is a dicotyledon. <sup>2</sup> It has been in folkloric use for many years. <sup>3</sup> Roots, leaves and the whole plant are used in Ayurvedic medicine for various treatment purposes. <sup>4</sup> Roots are

reported as carminative, tonic and diuretic. Leaves are antiseptic, antidiarrhoeal and galactogogue.<sup>5</sup> The whole plant of *D. triflorum* is known to have expectorant, cooling and galactogouge properties.<sup>4</sup> Faeces of wild rabbits those who have eaten the plant have been used for treatment purposes in folkloric medicine.<sup>6</sup>

Hedysarum triflorum is a synonymous Latin binominal for *D. triflorum*. Heen Undupiyaliya (Sinhala), Sirupullati (Tamil), Kudaliya and Jaialabihir (Hindi), Hansapadi, Tripadi and Amlana (Sanskrit) are vernacular names which have been used by different ethnic groups to identify this plant.<sup>4</sup>

## **Botanical description**

*D. triflorum* is a very small, 15-45 cm long, perennial herb. It possesses numerous, long, slender, prostrate branches which are trailing and rooting at the nodes, clothed with white spreading hairs. Leaves are small, alternate, stipulate, trifoliate, rachis less than 1.2 cm, stipules ovate, acuminate and persistent. Leaflets are membranous, oval or ovate, base cuneate, truncate or imarginate or