FORMULATION OF FISH AND VEGETABLE SPREAD

By

Kaluvila Mudiyanselage Dilan Anuradha

Thesis submitted to University of Sri Jayewardenepura for the award of the Degree of Master of Science in Food Science and Technology

2008

Declaration

The work describe in this thesis was carried out by me under the supervision of Prof. Arther Bamunuarachchi and Mrs. Indira Wickramasighe (Department of Food Science and Technology, University of Sri Jayawardenapura, Nugegoda, Sri Lanka) and Mrs.Lalitha Kanapathyraj (Research and Development Manager, Primer Export Ceylon Limited, Instant Tea Division, Unilever Sri Lanka). I declare that this report or any part of the report has not been submitted, presented or accepted in any previous applications for another degree.

2009.08.12

Date

K.M.Dilan Anuradha

Declaration of the supervisors

We certify that the above statement made by the candidate is true to the best of our knowledge and that this thesis is suitable for submission to the university for the purpose of evaluation.

Internal Supervisors,

Signature

2008.12.01

Date

Prof. Arther Bamunuarachchi,

Professer of Applied Chemistry,

Department of Food Science and Technology,

University of Sri Jayawardenapura,

Nugegoda,

Sri Lanka

05 05 2009

Signature

Date

Mrs. Indira Wickramasinghe

Lecture, the Department of Food Science and Technology,

University of Sri Jayawardenapura,

Nugegoda,

Sri Lanka

External Supervisor,

di

13/03/09.

Signature

Date

Mrs.Lalitha Kanapathyraj

Research and Development Manager,

Premium Exports Ceylon limited,

Ceytea (Instant Tea Division)

Unilever Sri Lanka

DEDICATED TO MY FATHER, MOTHER AND WIFE

TABLE CONTENTS

LIST OF CONTENTS	
LIST OF TABLES	
LIST OF PLATES	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	
ABBREVATION	
ABSTRACT	
CHAPTER 1.0	
INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Aim of the product development	2
1.2 Overall Objective of the New Product Development	3
CHAPTER 2.0	
2.1 Definition of fish and vegetable spread	4
2.2 Raw materials description	4
2.2.1 Tuna	4
2.2.2 Sharks	5
2.2.3 Carrot	5
2.2.4 Beans	6
2.2.5 Garlic	7
2.2.6 pepper	8
2.2.7 Curry Leaves	9,
2.2.8 Table Salts	10

2.2.9 Margarines and Fat Spreads

11

2.3 Preparation of fish and vegetable spread	12
2.4 Handling and preparation of raw materials	13
2.4.1 Selection of Fat Spread /Margarine	13
2.4.2 Preparation of fish flesh	13
2.4.3 Preparation of Dehydrated vegetables.	14
2.4.4 Preparation of spices	16
2.4.5 Hygienically Blending and Mixing	16
2.4.6 Hermetical filling	17
2.4.7 Refrigeration	17
2.5 Sensory properties	17
2.6 Microbiological quality of fish and vegetable spread (SLS 516)	18
2.7 Analysis of food components	18
2.7.1 Determination of moisture (SLS 313 part 3 1994)	18
2.7.2 Determination of Crude Fat (AOAC: 1984)	18
2.7.3 Determination of crude proteins (Anon 1980)	19
2.7.4 Analysis of free fatty acid (Anon :1992 a)	19

2.7.5 Analysis of Peroxide value (Anon :1992 b)	19
2.7.6 Determination of pH value (Pearsons's 1987)	20
2.7.7 Determination of melting point (smith 1955)	20
CHAPTER 3.0	
METHODOLOGY	
3.1 Collection of fish	21
3.2 Collection of vegetables and dehydration	21
3.3 Preparation of fish and vegetable spread	22
3.3.1 Formulations for spread	22
3.3.2 Equipments used in formulation of fish and vegetable paste	23
3.3.3 Method of preparation of fish and vegetable spread using steam	cooked
vegetables	25
3.3.4 Method of preparation of fish and vegetable spread using dehydrated veg	getables
	26
3.3.5 Method of consuming Fish and Vegetable Spread	27
3.4 Determination of most preferable fish and vegetable spread by sensory eval	uation
	27
3.4.1 Materials	27
3.4.2 Method of evaluation	28
3.5 Determination of self life of the product	29
3.5.1 Proximate analysis	29
3.5.1.1 Determination of moisture (SLS 313 part 3 1994)	29
3.5.1.2 Determination of Crude Fat (AOAC: 1984)	30
3.5.1.3 Determination of crude proteins (Anon 1980)	31

Kjeldahal method

3.5.1.4	Analysis of free fatty acid (Anon :1992 a)	32
3.5.1.5	Analysis of Peroxide value (Anon :1992 b)	33
	Chemical required	
3.5.1.6	Determination of pH value (Pearsons's 1987)	34
3.5.1.7	Determination of melting point (smith 1955)	34
3.5.2 N	Aicrobiological Analysis	35
3.5.2.1	Determination of aerobic plate count	35
3.5.2.2	Determination of total coliforms	35
3.5.2.3	Determination of Moulds	35
3.5.2.4	Determination of yeasts	35
3.5.2.5	Determination of Salmonella	35
3.5.2.6	Determination of Staphylococcus sp	35
3.5.3	Sensory analysis	35
CHAP	ΓER 4.0	
RESUI	LTS AND DISCUSSION	
RESU	LTS:	
4.1 se	nsory evaluation results	37
4.1.1	sensory evaluation results for steam cooked fish and vegetable spread	
spread		37
4.1.2	sensory evaluation results for steam cooked fish and dehydrated vegetable	
Rankin	g test results for creamy, soft taste spread	37
4.2 pr	rediction of self life	38

4.2.1 Proximate analysis results for steam cooked fish flesh and vegetables	38
4.2.2 Proximate analysis results for steam cooked fish flesh and dehydrated	39
vegetables	
4.2.3 Microbiological stability after 3 months	40
CHAPTER 5.0	
Conclusion	41
REFERENCES	43

LIST OF TABLES

Table No 01 a. Formulations for fish (tuna) and vegetable spread	22	
Table No 01 b. Formulations for fish (shark) and vegetable spread	23	
Table no: 2 sample identity for sensory evaluation	28	
Table no 3 ranking results for steam cooked fish and vegetables	37	
Table no 4 ranking results for steam cooked fish and dehydrated vegetables	38	
Table no 5-steam cooked product analysis for 2 months	38	
Table no 6-steam cooked fish & dehydrated vegetable product analysis	for	2
months	38	
Table 7 microbiological stability after 3 months	39	

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure No. 01 Ready to Eat spread for Making Sandwiches	3
Figure No: 2 Fish Flesh Mixer	14
Figure No: 3 Vegetable slicing and mixing machine.	15
Figure No: 4 Dehydration oven with force air	15
Figure No: .5 blending and mixing machine	16
Figure No 6 Formulated Fish and Vegetable Spread-Ready to eat	27

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I wish to express my sincere thanks to Prof.Arther Bamunuarachchi who gave continuous innovative ideas and mass knowledge, and also valuable knowledge from Mrs. Indira Wickramasinghe for practical and lectures which helped me to do this project with better understanding.

I would like to express my gratitude to the Primer Export Ceylon Limited, Instant Tea Division, Agarapathana where my work place and who supported me in analysis part, Mrs.Lalitha Kanapathyraj and all of laboratory chemists, all Panelists at Unilever Sri Lanka for this help in many ways and supported me directly or indirectly to complete this project.

I express my sincere thank to Dr.K.K.D.S. Ranaweera, Head, Department of food Science and Technology, Course coordinator, University of Sri Jayawardenapura, Sri Lanka, who paid his dedication for improve my knowledge and skills.

I owe special thanks for staff members of Sri Lanka Medical Research Institute (MRI) laboratory, Borella, who supported to get my final microbiological analysis with out any delay.

Last but not least, I wish to thank all members of the staff of the Department of Food Science and Technology, University of Sri Jayewardenepura for their valuable help extended to me during Studies and my research.

Finally, along my journey. My deepest gratitude for my parents for their unwavering love and support in my educational endeavors, as well my wife's encouragement.

ABSTRACT

Consumers value the rich flavor and smooth texture of Margarine and spreads. variations due to processing, storage conditions, addition of ingredients, spices and salt, there are many diverse flavor profiles, textures, and taste of spreads. A better understanding of the key drivers of vegetable oil spread purchase may aid in identification of marketing strategies. Formulation of fish and vegetable spread is a ready to eat product and having Nutritional enriched fat spread which full fill daily the part of the nutritional requirement and ready to spread over the breads, buns, burgers and etc;. Microbiological test for the product done according to the Sri Lanka Standard Institute and carried out in my self and final tests done by Medical Research Laboratory.

Sensory evaluation of formulated spread best value obtained for the tuna blended spread and analytically found the dehydrated vegetables added formula chemical characteristics no vary and minimum risk of having peroxides or rancid compounds. Steam cooked Fish and vegetables proximate analysis was done for 2 months and statistically analyzed results were Moisture 37.9 ± 0.14 %, pH 6.7 ± 0.14 %, Fat 51.55 ± 0.07 %, Protein 2.7 ± 0.14 %, Peroxide Value 1.14 ± 1.49 %, Free Fatty Acid 0.13 ± 0.04 % and melting point was 35.5 ± 0.14 %.

Formulation with steam cooked fish flesh ad dehydrated vegetables continue up to 4 month period of Proximate and last 3 months Microbiological analysis were conducted and 4 months results were analyzed statistically, Moisture 29.6 \pm 0.23 %, pH 6.6 \pm 0.13 %, Fat 51.82 \pm 0.17 %, Protein 3.6 \pm 0.16 %, Peroxide Value 0.10 \pm 0.4 %, Free Fatty Acid 0.13 \pm 0.03 % and melting point was 35.5 \pm 0.08 %, and APC 1.2 x

10 ³ CFU, Coliforms 0.67 1.15 CFU, Moulds 2 2 CFU, Yeast 30.33 11.59 CFU, and Not Detected for *salmonella sp, staphylococcus aureus* and fecal coliforms.

In the present study Fish and Vegetable spread were formulated vary and steam cooked vegetables formulations were rejected after product was tested to chemical and microbiological analysis, best formulations were steam cooked fish flesh and dehydrated vegetable spread up to four months with out as per the acceptance levels.

This formulated paste could be stored under refrigeration 3 months of self life with out adding preservatives and using preservatives can be extended self life.