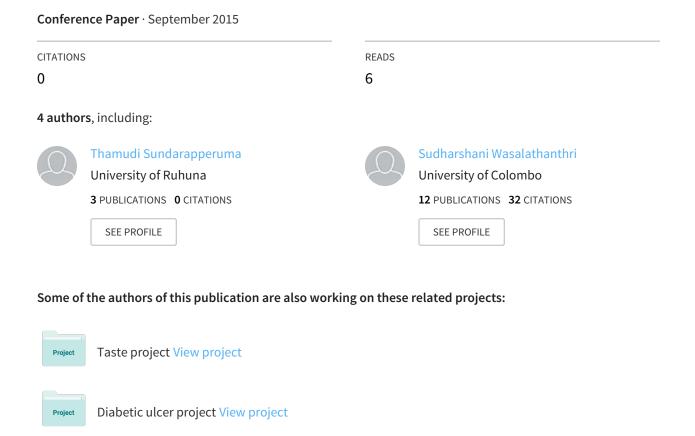
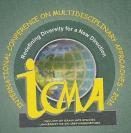
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• Qualitative study on perception of mothers regarding dietary practices during the postpartum period – abstract...







International Conference on Multidisciplinary Approaches - 2015

1 CMA PROCEEDINGS

11th- 12th September 2015

Faculty of Graduate Studies University of Sri Jayewardenepura

QUALITATIVE STUDY ON PERCEPTION OF MOTHERS REGARDING DIETARY PRACTICES DURING THE POSTPARTUM PERIOD

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with a history of gestational diabetes mellitus (GDM) have a significant risk of developing diabetes mellitus (T2DM) in later life. Dietary interventions after delivery are known to the trajectory to T2DM. The aim of this study was to explore the perception of mothers on myths and barriers regarding healthy dietary practices during the postpartum period.

denteering antenatal mothers with a diagnosis of GDMwho also have a past history of GDM moded for this study. Focus group discussions were used to collect data. Ten mothers were form one focus group and 3 such groups were taken from 3 selected districts, Gampaha and Galle. Focus group discussions were conducted with each group till the point was achieved. Discussions were audio recorded and transcribed. Transcripts were moderatly reviewed by the researchers and themes were identified and coded using a content approach.

themeswere emerged from the data(1)Myths and traditions of food and food habits specific perturn period, (2)lack of motivation to practice(3) Time pressure, (4)negligence and (5) themes partiers. In addition, lack of awareness, social pressure and lack of family support were as important barriers especially among women residing in rural areas.

provides an insight into the traditions, myths and barriers regarding dietary practices of mothers. Postpartum period has unique problems. Therefore, identifying these is important in dietary interventions for these mothers in order to prevent or reduce the future risk of diabetes mellitus.

interventions planned should be culturally acceptable. Dietary counseling and motivation the targeted not only for mothers but for their family members to improve adherence to the plans designed for these women.

Gestational diabetes mellitus, Qualitative study, Dietary interventions, Focus group

Myths and barriers.

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