IDENTIFICATION OF APPROPRIATE FLOOD HAZARD MITIGATION STRATEGIES FOR KELANI RIVER BASIN: SPECIAL REFERENCE TO CITY OF COLOMBO AND SUBURBS

By

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Thesis submitted to the University of Sri Jayewardenepura for the award of the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy in Geography on 22.07.2017

Declaration by the Candidate

| The work described in this thesis was carried out by me under the s | supervision of Prof. |
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| Krishan Deheragoda and a report on this has not been submitted in | whole or in print to |
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ABBREVIATION

CFM Consequences-Frequency Matrices

CRIP Climate Resilience Investment Project

DEM Digital Elevation Model

DOM Department of Meteorology

DOI Department of Irrigation

DMC Disaster Management Centre

DRR Disaster Risk Reduction

DSD Divisional Secretariat Division

DSM Digital Surface Model

DTM Digital Terrain Model

GND Grama Niladari Division

GIS Geographic Information System

EFAS European Flood Awareness System

EWM Early Warning Model

HFA Hyogo Framework for Action

HFL Earthen platforms higher than flood level

IDW Inverse Distance Weighted

ISDR International Strategy for Disaster Reduction

JICA Japan International Cooperation Agency

LiDAR Light Detection and Ranging

NCDM National Council for Disaster Management

PDNA Post-Disaster Needs Assessment

MIWRM Ministry of Irrigation and Water Resources Management

NBRO National Building Research Organization

NNDIP National Natural Disaster Insurance Policy

NITF National Insurance Trust Fund

MASL Mahaweli Authority of Sri Lanka

MCM Million Cubic Meters

UDA Urban Development Authority

UNDP United Nations Development Programme

RDA Road Development Authority

RMSE Root Mean Square Error

RS Remote Sensing

SFDRR Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction

SLRDC Sri Lanka Land Reclamation & Development Corporation

TIN Triangular Irregular Network

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ABSTRACT

Flood risk is the result of natural processes and anthropogenic activities. Development of flood hazard mitigation strategies for risk management of the Kelani River Basin with special reference to the City of Colombo and its Suburbs has been adopted in this research.

First and second objectives of the research has focused to developed three dimensional (3D) models, flood frequency models, flood inundation models and flood early warning models respectively. Preparation of the integrated risk assessment by combining the hazard, vulnerability and consequence has the third objective of this research and finally preparation of comprehensive flood management standards and web based component were the fourth objective of this study.

Flood inundation models were generated based on different flood heights of return period and frequency analysis based on selected return periods of 2, 10, 50, and 100 years. generated different resolution DEM models using Arc Map 10.2.2 and ILWIS. The early warning model has based on flood inundation, rainfall, and watershed

delineation models and rainfall model has developed for 10 and 50 years. Flood hazard,

vulnerability and consequence assessment has consisted of the calculation of the

flooded area for each water depth class, land use sub group calculation for different

elements at risk, damages details from 1989 to 2016 in Colombo City and Suburbs

respectively. Risk assessment was a combination of the hazard, vulnerability and

consequence score values. Kaduwela, Colombo and Dehiwala were identified as high,

moderate and low risk DS division respectively. The results from this study were further

investigated in a comprehensive analysis of flood management plan. Comprehensives

flood management standards has consist three stages as a pre, during and post hazard.

ArcGIS Online is a Complete, Cloud-Based Mapping Platform and very much user

friendly which has used of the web based system. Web portal has designed for sharing

research outcome.

It is recommended to develop high accurate topographic statistical data for Kelani River

Basin, integrated hydrological and topographical information are needed, flood zone

maintaining. Establishment of Early Warning and Monitoring System has recommended

for cover entire Kelani River Basin, strengthening technical agencies, local authorities

and local communities were more essential and finally establishment of Flood

Management Department of maintaining, pre during and post flood management

activities.

Key words: Consequence, DEM, Hazard, Risk, Vulnerability

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